Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

easyhome Ltd.

(Unaudited) September 30, 2011

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)

(expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	As at September 30, 2011	As at December 31, 2010
ASSETS (note 6)		
Current assets		
Cash	638	731
Amounts receivable	4,308	4,809
Income taxes recoverable	175	-,005
Consumer loans receivable (note 4)	30,844	18,162
Prepaid expenses	1,703	1,296
Total current assets	37,668	24,998
Amounts receivable	1,093	1,062
Consumer loans receivable (note 4)	9,628	3,667
Lease assets	65,705	68,622
Property and equipment (note 5)	12,679	12,953
Deferred tax assets (note 9)	5,190	8,047
Intangible assets	3,772	3,093
Goodwill	17,325	17,325
TOTAL ASSETS	153,060	139,767
Current liabilities Bank revolving credit facility (note 6) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	29,381 17,763	15,649 19,322
Income taxes payable	1.007	65
Dividends payable (note 7)	1,007 559	892 578
Deferred lease inducements		
Unearned revenue Term loan (note 6)	4,446	5,310 2,602
Provisions	113	421
Total current liabilities	53,269	44,839
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	946	450
Deferred lease inducements	1,729	1,881
Provisions	159	407
Total liabilities	56,103	47,577
 	,	,
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (note 7)	60,207	60,074
Contributed surplus	3,149	3,061
Accumulated comprehensive loss	316	(257)
Retained earnings	33,285	29,312
Total shareholders' equity	96,957	92,190
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	153,060	139,767

easyhome Ltd.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except earnings per share)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,	September 30, September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2011	2010	2011	2010
REVENUE				
Lease revenue	39,040	39,159	119,198	119,525
Interest income	4,369	1,755	10,681	3,948
Other	3,157	2,322	9,154	5,652
Other	46,566	43,236	139,033	129,125
EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits (note 8)	15 204	13,045	45,129	39,595
	15,304 1,748	929	5,214	3,682
Advertising and promotion Bad debts	1,749	1,854	4,243	2,964
Occupancy	6,145	6,151	18,819	18,296
Distribution and travel	1,993	1,472	5,932	4,735
Other	3,904	3,177	10,492	8,719
Restructuring items	3,904	3,177	10,432	641
Restructuring items	30,823	26,628	89,829	78,632
	,			
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		44.044		2 - 220
Depreciation of lease assets	11,563	11,961	35,375	36,238
Depreciation of property and equipment (note 5)	914	923	2,538	2,846
Amortization of intangible assets	120	58	397	245
Impairment (net) (note 5)	(202)	37	(173)	900
	12,395	12,979	38,137	40,229
Operating income	3,348	3,629	11,067	10,264
Interest expense (note 11)	423	304	1,056	853
Income before income taxes	2,925	3,325	10,011	9,411
Income tax expense (note 9)				
Current	611	1,004	162	1,460
Deferred	414	(126)	2,853	1,513
Deterred	1,025	878	3,015	2,973
Net income	1,900	2,447	6,996	6,438
P	0.17	0.22	0.50	0.62
Basic earnings per share (note 10)	0.16 0.16	0.23 0.23	0.59 0.59	0.62 0.61
Diluted earnings per share (note 10)	0.10	0.23	0.59	0.01

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine mont	hs ended
	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2010
Net income	1,900	2,447	6,996	6,438
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period				
Foreign currency translation reserve	920	(288)	573	(140)
Comprehensive income	2,820	2,159	7,569	6,298

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

					Accumulated Other	
	Issued Capital	Contributed Surplus	Total Capital	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Equity
Balance, January 1, 2011	60,074	3,061	63,135	29,312	(257)	92,190
Shares issued	133	(190)	(57)	-	-	(57)
Stock-based compensation (note 8)	-	278	278	-	-	278
Comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-	6,996	573	7,569
Dividends paid (note 7)	-	-	-	(3,023)	-	(3,023)
Balance, September 30, 2011	60,207	3,149	63,356	33,285	316	96,957
Balance, January 1, 2010	48,880	3,142	52,022	26,801	-	78,823
Shares issued	286	(132)	154	-	-	154
Stock-based compensation (note 8)	-	(228)	(228)	-	-	(228)
Comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-	6,438	(140)	6,298
Dividends paid (note 7)	-	-	-	(2,668)	-	(2,668)
Balance, September 30, 2010	49,166	2,782	51,948	30,571	(140)	82,379

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Three mont	ths ended	Nine mont	Nine months ended	
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income	1,900	2,447	6,996	6,438	
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash	2,500	_,	0,550	0,.50	
Depreciation of lease assets	11,563	11,961	35,375	36,238	
Depreciation of property and equipment (note 5)	914	923	2,538	2,846	
Impairment (net) (note 5)	(202)	37	(173)	900	
Amortization of intangible assets	120	58	397	245	
Stock-based compensation (note 8)	72	(553)	278	(228)	
Bad debt expense (note 4)	1,729	1,854	4,243	2,964	
Deferred tax expense	414	(126)	2,853	1,513	
Gain on sale of property and equipment	4	23	(424)	(382)	
Cam on sure of property and equipment	16,514	16,624	52,083	50,534	
Net change in non-cash working capital balances	,	,	,		
related to operations (note 11)	2,725	(4,102)	(2,831)	(132)	
Net issuance of consumer loans receivable	(8,704)	(3,676)	(22,886)	(12,541)	
Cash provided by operating activities	10,535	8,846	26,366	37,861	
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INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Net purchase of lease assets	(10,506)	(11,124)	(31,885)	(31,313)	
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,411)	(2,095)	(2,836)	(6,234)	
Purchase of intangible assets	(670)	(77)	(892)	(224)	
Proceeds on sale of property and equipment	213	1,033	987	1,257	
Cash used in investing activities	(12,374)	(12,263)	(34,626)	(36,514)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Advances (payments) of bank revolving credit facility	3,573	5,600	13,732	4,048	
Payments of term loan (note 6)	(867)	(891)	(2,602)	(2,646)	
Payment of common share dividends (note 7)	(1,007)	(884)	(2,906)	(2,661)	
Redemption of deferred share units	(1,007)	(004)	(57)	(2,001)	
Issuance of common shares on exercise of options		15	(31)	154	
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,699	3,840	8,167	(1,105)	
cash provided by (asea iii) infaircing activities	1,077	3,040	0,107	(1,103)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the period	(140)	423	(93)	242	
Cash, beginning of period	778	110	731	291	
Cash, end of period	638	533	638	533	

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

easyhome Ltd. ["Parent company"] was incorporated under the laws of Alberta, Canada by Certificate and Articles of Incorporation dated December 14, 1990 and was continued as a corporation in Ontario pursuant to Articles of Continuance dated July 22, 1993. The Parent company has common shares listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ["TSX"]. The Parent company's head office is located in Mississauga, Ontario, Canada while the registered office is located in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent company, all wholly owned subsidiaries where control is established by the Parent company's ability to determine strategic, operating, investing and financing policies without the cooperation of others, and certain special purposes entities ["SPEs"] where control is achieved on a basis other than through ownership of a majority of voting rights [collectively referred to as "easyhome" or the "Company"]. The Parent company's principal subsidiaries are:

- RTO Asset Management Inc.
- easyfinancial Services Inc.
- easyhome U.S. Ltd.
- Insta-rent Ltd.

The Company's principal operating activities includes merchandise leasing of household furnishings, appliances and home electronic products to consumers under weekly or monthly leasing agreements. In addition, the Company offers a variety of financial services, including consumer loans, prepaid cards and cheque cashing through its easyfinancial Services Inc. business ["easyfinancial"].

The Company operates in three reportable segments: leasing, easyfinancial and franchising. As at September 30, 2011, the Company operated 218 easyhome leasing stores, 80 easyfinancial locations and had 43 franchise locations (September 30, 2010 – 218 easyhome leasing stores, 59 easyfinancial locations and 30 franchise locations).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a directors' resolution on November 8, 2011.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited) (Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated) For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Statement of Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ["IAS"] 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The same accounting policies and methods of computation were followed in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements as were followed in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three month period ended March 31, 2011. In addition, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three month period ended March 31, 2011 contain certain incremental annual International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRS"] disclosures not included in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 prepared in accordance with previous Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ["CGAAP"].

Accordingly, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 should be read together with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 prepared in accordance with previous CGAAP as well as the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three month period ended March 31, 2011.

Early Adoption of IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

The Company has early adopted IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, as amended in October 2010 ["IFRS 9 (2010)"] with a date of initial application of January 1, 2010. IFRS 9 (2010) requires that an entity classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value depending on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. IFRS 9 (2010) requires that an entity classifies its financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, except in some circumstances including for financial liabilities at fair value through comprehensive income and financial guarantee contracts. These changes in accounting policy are applied on a retrospective basis from January 1, 2010. IFRS 9 (2010) was not applied to financial assets or financial liabilities that have been derecognized at the date of initial application.

In accordance with the transitional provisions of IFRS 9 (2010), the Company classified financial assets held at the date of initial application based on the facts and circumstances of the business model in which the financial assets were held at that date. This classification resulted in the Company continuing to account for financial assets at amortized cost. The Company's financial liabilities under IFRS 9 (2010) are classified as financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The classifications of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company under IFRS 9 (2010) did not require reclassification on the date of initial application.

The adoption of IFRS 9 (2010) had no impact on shareholders' equity as at January 1, 2010, comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2010, and comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 since the measurement basis for financial assets remained the same.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

3. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Enhanced Derecognition Disclosure

The amendment requires additional disclosure about financial assets that have been transferred but not derecognized to enable the user of the Company's financial statements to understand the relationship with those assets that have not been derecognized and their associated liabilities. In addition, the amendment requires disclosures about continuing involvement in derecognized assets to enable the user to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's continuing involvement in those derecognized assets. The amendment becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2011. The amendment affects disclosure and has no impact on the Company's disclosures.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements ["IFRS 10"] is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 and will replace portions of IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements ["IAS 27"] and interpretation SIC-12 Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities. Under IFRS 10, consolidated financial statements include all controlled entities under a single control model that applies to all entities, including special purpose entities and structured entities. A group will still continue to consist of a parent and its subsidiaries; however IFRS 10 uses different terminology from IAS 27 in describing its control model. The changes introduced by IFRS 10 will require management to exercise significant judgment to determine which entities are controlled, and therefore are required to be consolidated by a parent, compared with the requirements that were in IAS 27. Early adoption of this standard is permitted. The Company has not fully assessed the impact of adopting IFRS 10; however, it anticipates that its impact will be limited.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* ["IFRS 12"] includes disclosure requirements about subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates, as well as unconsolidated structured entities. Many of the disclosure requirements were previously included in IAS 27, IAS 1 and IAS 28 while others are new. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 with early adoption permitted. The Company has not fully assessed the impact of adopting IFRS 12; however, it anticipates that its impact will be limited.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement ["IFRS 13"] provides guidance on how to measure fair value of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities when fair value is required or permitted per IFRS. While many of the concepts in IFRS 13 are consistent with current practice, certain principles could have a significant effect on some entities adopting the standard. IFRS 13 is effective January 1, 2013 and will be adopted prospectively. The Company does not expect any impact on its financial position or performance.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

4. CONSUMER LOANS RECEIVABLE

Consumer loans receivable represent amounts advanced to customers of easyfinancial. Loan terms generally range from six to thirty six months.

(\$ in 000's)	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Consumer loans receivable	42,684	23,800
Allowance for loan losses	(2,212)	(1,971)
	40,472	21,829
Current portion of consumer loans receivable	30,844	18,162
Long-term portion of consumer loans receivable	9,628	3,667
	40,472	21,829

An aging analysis of consumer loans past due as at September 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010

	September 3	September 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
		% of total		% of total	
(\$ in 000's except %)	\$	loans	\$	loans	
1 - 30 days	1,709	4.0%	1,238	5.2%	
31 - 44 days	382	0.9%	238	1.0%	
45 - 60 days	287	0.7%	405	1.7%	
61 - 90 days	374	0.9%	690	2.9%	

The changes in the allowance for loan losses are summarized below:

(\$ in 000's)	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Balance, beginning of period	1.971	310
Amounts written off against provision	(4,268)	(1,897)
Increase due to normal lending and collection activities	4,509	2,093
Increase due to refinement of estimating the provision	, <u>-</u>	866
Amounts written off against provision due to employee fraud	-	(303)
Increase due to employee fraud	-	902
Balance, end of period	2,212	1,971

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The amount of property and equipment classified as under construction or development and not being amortized was \$0.3 million as at September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2010 - \$0.7 million).

Various impairment indicators were used to determine the need to test a cash-generating unit ["CGU"] for an impairment loss. A CGU is defined as the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. The Company has determined that this is at the individual store level. Examples of these indicators include significant declines in revenue, performance significantly below budget and expectation and negative CGU operating income. Where these impairment indicators existed, the carrying value of the assets within a CGU was compared with its estimated recoverable value which was generally considered to be the CGUs value-in-use. When determining the CGUs value-in-use, the Company developed a discounted cash flow model for the individual CGU. Sales and cost forecasts were based on actual operating results, three year operating budgets consistent with strategic plans presented to the Company's Board of Directors and a 3% long term growth rate. The forecasted cash flow was discounted using a 22% before tax discount rate. Where the carrying value of the CGUs assets exceeded the recoverable amounts, as represented by the CGU's value-in-use, the stores property and equipment assets were written down. It was concluded that due to the portability of leased assets held within the CGU and the cash flows generated by individual lease assets that no impairment write down of the leased assets was required. As such, the CGUs impairment charge was limited to the property and equipment held by the impaired CGU.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$131 and \$175, respectively, offset by an impairment recovery of \$333 and \$348, respectively, the net impairment charge for the period was (\$202) and (\$173) respectively.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$37 and \$900, respectively, with nil impairment recovery. The net impairment charge for the period was \$37 and \$900, respectively.

All impairment charges relate solely to the leasing segment.

6. BANK REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY AND TERM LOAN

Revolving credit facility

On July 21, 2011, the Company entered into new Credit Facilities with a syndicate of banks which provides for a \$40 million revolving credit facility and also included related term and letter of credit facilities for \$0.9 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. The revolving facility reduces to \$35 million on July 21, 2012 and matures on July 21, 2013. Borrowings under previous facilities were rolled into the new facilities.

(\$ in 000's)	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Revolving credit facility	29,381	15,649

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Term loan

The Company's term loan relates to a \$10 million three-year term loan which the Company arranged during the third quarter of 2008 to fund the acquisition of Insta-Rent Inc. This term loan was repaid on schedule during the quarter.

(\$ in 000's)	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Term loan	-	2,602

Canadian dollar loans under the facilities bear interest at the lender's prime plus 125 bps or plus 175 bps if the Company's total debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") ratio equals or exceeds 2 times. The Company also has the option to convert the loans to US Base, Bankers' Acceptance or LIBOR rates. Currently, the Company's effective interest rate under the facilities is 4.25%.

The credit facilities are fully secured over substantially all assets of the Company and its subsidiaries, contain certain positive and negative covenants and other usual and customary terms and conditions. The financial covenants of the new credit facilities are as follows:

Financial Covenant	Requirements
Total debt to EBITDA ratio	< 2.5, reducing to < 2.0 in the quarter ending Dec. 31, 2011
Fixed coverage ratio	> 1.0, increasing to $>$ 1.15 in the quarter ending Dec. 31, 2011 and
	increasing to > 1.25 in the quarter ending Dec. 31, 2012
Total debt to effective tangible net worth ratio	< 0.55
Total debt to lease assets	< 0.75

As at September 30, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under its lending agreement.

As a result of the previously disclosed employee fraud and the understatement of unearned revenue, the Company was required to restate certain of the prior periods' financial statements. As a result, the Company was not in compliance with certain representations and warranties as set out in its lending agreement for the quarterly periods beginning January 1, 2009 and ending September 30, 2010. The Company's lender agreed to not demand repayment of the bank revolving credit facility and the term loan and to waive the compliance with such representations and warranties for such periods.

See note 13 for a discussion of the Company's capital risk management.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized capital

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares with no par value and an unlimited number of preference shares. The common shares are listed for trading on the TSX.

Common shares issued and outstanding

The changes in common shares are summarized as follows:

	Nine mont September			ended r 31, 2010
(\$ in 000's except number of shares in 000's)	# of shares	\$	# of shares	\$
Balance, beginning of period	11,842	60,074	10,419	48,880
Issued for cash for exercised options	7	133	70	286
Issued for cash on private placement of common				
shares, net of share issuance costs	-	-	1,353	10,908
Balance, end of period	11,849	60,207	11,842	60,074

On December 23, 2010, the Company completed a private placement of 1,352,940 common shares at a price of \$8.50 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$11.5 million. This included 176,470 shares issued pursuant to an over-allotment option granted to the underwriters. The shares were offered pursuant to prospectus and registration exemptions in each of the provinces and territories of Canada. The \$10.9 million increase to share capital was offset by net proceeds of \$10.7 million and a deferred tax asset of \$0.2 million. The Company used the net proceeds from the financing to fund growth initiatives at its existing easyfinancial locations and for general corporate purposes, including debt repayment.

Dividends on common shares

The Company declared a dividend of \$0.085 per share to shareholders of record on September 27, 2011, payable on October 5, 2011 (2010 - \$0.085 per share to shareholders of record on September 27, 2010, payable on October 4, 2010). The dividend paid on October 5, 2011 was \$1.0 million (2010 - \$892).

8. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Share option plan

Under the Company's share option plan, options to purchase common shares may be granted by the Board of Directors to directors, officers and employees. Options are granted at exercise prices equal to or greater than fair market value at the grant date, generally vest evenly over a five-year period, and have exercise lives ranging from five to 10 years. The aggregate number of common shares reserved for issuance and which may be purchased upon the exercise of options granted pursuant to the plan shall not exceed 2.3 million common shares.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated) For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The Company uses the fair value method of accounting for stock options granted to employees and directors. During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company granted nil and 95,530 options respectively (2010 – 2,000 options and 166,982 options). For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2011, \$48 and \$43, respectively (2010 – (\$95) and \$60, respectively) were recorded as stock-based compensation expenses with respect to stock options in salaries and benefits expense in the interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, with corresponding impact in contributed surplus.

Restricted share unit plan

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company granted no Restricted Share Units ["RSUs"] (2010 – nil) to senior executives of the Company under its Restricted Share Unit Plan. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, (\$60) and (\$47), respectively (2010 – (\$498) and (\$380), respectively) were recorded as a stock-based compensation expense under the Restricted Share Unit Plan in salaries and benefits expense in the interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. Additionally, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, an additional 1,057 and 3,204 RSUs, respectively (2010 – 1,562 and 4,304 respectively) were granted for dividends as a result of dividends payable.

Performance share unit plan

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company granted nil and 309,356 Performance Share Units ["PSUs"] (2010 nil and 245,116) to senior executives of the Company under its Performance Share Unit Plan. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, \$193 and \$496, respectively, (2010 – \$250 and \$337, respectively) were recorded as stock-based compensation expense under the Performance Share Unit Plan in salaries and benefits expense in the interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. Additionally, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, an additional 6,183 and 10,554 PSUs, respectively (2010 – 2,528 and 2,528 respectively) were granted as a result of dividends payable.

Deferred share unit plan

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company granted 10,834 and 33,808 Deferred Share Units ["DSUs"], respectively (2010 – 3,448 and 14,185 DSUs, respectively) to directors under its Deferred Share Unit Plan. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, \$85 and \$283, respectively (2010 - \$46 and \$99, respectively) were recorded as stock-based compensation expense under the Deferred Share Unit Plan in salaries and benefits expense in the interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. Additionally, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, an additional 1,060 and 2,677 DSUs, respectively (2010 – 715 and 1991 DSUs, respectively) were granted as a result of dividends payable.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

9. INCOME TAXES

The Company's income tax expense is determined as follows:

	Nine mon Septem		
(\$ in 000's)	2011	2010	
Combined basic federal and provincial income tax rates	27.8%	30.1%	
Expected income tax expense	2,779	2,833	
Impact of tax rate changes on deferred tax assets	(19)	(6)	
Non-deductible expense	124	(24)	
U.S. losses not tax benefited	371	349	
Finalization of prior tax amounts	(202)	(422)	
Other	(38)	243	
	3,015	2,973	

The significant components of the Company's income tax expense are:

	Nine months ended September 30			
(\$ in 000's)	2011	2010		
Current income tax:				
Current income tax charge	1,616	1,511		
Finalization of prior tax amounts	(1,454)	(51)		
Deferred income tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,613	1,884		
Finalization of prior tax amounts	1,240	(371)		
	3,015	2,973		

The significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets are as follows:(\$ in 000's)	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Loss carryforwards	1,247	2,473
Tax cost of lease assets and property and	-,- · ·	_,
equipment in excess of net book value	2,146	3,438
Amounts receivable and provisions	843	772
Lease inducements	596	650
Unearned revenue	166	250
Financing fees	133	166
Other	59	298
	5,190	8,047

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The deferred tax asset credited directly to equity relating to financing fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$22 (2010 - nil).

The Company, its subsidiaries and its SPEs have the following tax loss carryforwards that may be used to reduce taxable income in the future:

(2)	Tax Loss	Benefit of Tax Loss	
(\$ in 000's, except years)	Carryforward	Carryforward	Year of Expiry
Canadian Operations			
Year ended December 31, 2009	4,405	1,247	2029
U.S. Operations			
Year ended December 31, 2007	1,006	401	2026
Year ended December 31, 2008	1,869	746	2027
Year ended December 31, 2009	518	207	2028
Year ended December 31, 2010	439	175	2029
Year ended December 31, 2011	459	183	2030
	4,291	1,712	
Special Purpose Entities			
Year ended December 31, 2010	304	122	2029
	9,000	3,081	

As at September 30, 2011, the benefit of the U.S. tax loss carryforwards in the amount of \$1.7 million and the U.S. deferred tax asset resulting from differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities have not been recognized due to the uncertainty of the realization of the benefit of the U.S. operational losses and the reversal of the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of the assets and liabilities in the foreseeable future. If the Company were to recognize all unrecognized deferred tax assets at September 30, 2011, profits would increase by \$3.2 million (December 31, 2010 - \$2.9 million).

As at September 30, 2011, there was no recognized deferred tax liability (December 31, 2010 - nil) for taxes that would be payable on the undistributed earnings of the Company's subsidiaries. The Company has determined that undistributed income of its subsidiaries would not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net income for the period by the weighted average of common shares outstanding during the period as follows:

(\$ in 000's except number of shares in 000's and earnings	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
per share)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net income for the period	1,900	2,447	6,996	6,438
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	11,849	10,488	11,849	10,451
Basic earnings per share	0.16	0.23	0.59	0.62

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if additional common shares are assumed to be issued under securities that entitle their holders to obtain common shares in the future. The number of additional shares for inclusion in diluted earnings per share is determined using the treasury stock method, whereby stock options and warrants, whose exercise price is less than the average market price of the Company's common shares, are assumed to be exercised and the proceeds are used to purchase common shares at the average market price for the period. The incremental number of common shares issued under stock options and warrants is included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

(\$ in 000's except number of share in 000's and earnings		onths ended ember 30	Nine mont Septeml	
per share)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net income for the period	1,900	2,447	6,996	6,438
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	11,849	10,488	11,849	10,451
Dilutive effect of share based rewards	113	18	89	35
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding	11,962	10,506	11,938	10,486
Dilutive earnings per share	0.16	0.23	0.59	0.61

The dilutive effect of share options reflects 125,245 options for the three months ended September 30, 2010 - 248,328) and 107,362 options for the nine month ended September 30, 2010 - 106,385).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, stock options to acquire 716,362 common shares (nine months ended September 30, 2010 – 413,800 options) were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as their exercise prices exceeded the average market share price for the period.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

11. NET CHANGE IN OTHER OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operating activities is as follows:

		nths ended nber 30	Nine months ended September 30	
(\$ in 000's)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Amounts receivable	480	(237)	470	(794)
Prepaid expenses	(692)	(148)	(407)	7
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,303	(3,854)	(1,063)	1,675
Income taxes recoverable	1,065	847	(240)	(464)
Deferred lease inducement	(36)	(113)	(171)	204
Unearned revenue	(144)	(539)	(864)	(588)
Provisions	(251)	(58)	(556)	(172)
	2,725	(4,102)	(2,831)	(132)

Supplemental disclosures in respect of the interim consolidated statements of cash flows comprise the following:

		Three months ended September 30		
(\$ in 000's)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Income taxes paid	450	1,238	1,327	2,431
Interest paid	558	304	1,065	853
Interest received	4,183	1,755	10,527	3,948

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

12. CONTINGENCIES

Class action lawsuit

The Company and certain of its current and former officers have been named as defendants in a potential class action lawsuit filed in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice on October 25, 2010. This lawsuit was commenced by Andrew Sorensen, on behalf of shareholders who acquired the Company's common shares between April 8, 2008 and October 15, 2010 and claimed total damages of \$15.0 million (including punitive damages of \$5.0 million). On April 8, 2011, the same plaintiff commenced a second action against certain current and former directors of the Company. The allegations made in this second action are the same as those in the first action. In particular, the plaintiff alleges, among other things, that the Company and others made certain misrepresentations about the Company's financial statements being prepared in accordance with CGAAP. The first action and the second action were consolidated into a single action during the second quarter of 2011.

The Company has not recorded any liability related to these matters. The Company's directors' and officers' insurance policies provide for reimbursement of certain costs and expenses incurred in connection with these lawsuits, including legal and professional fees as well as potential damages awarded, if any, subject to certain policy limits and deductibles. No assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of such proceedings, and the amount of any damages awarded could be substantial.

Other legal actions

The Company is involved in various legal matters arising in the ordinary course of business. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has agreed to indemnify its directors and officers and particular employees in accordance with the Company's policies. The Company maintains insurance policies that may provide coverage against certain claims.

13. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide adequate returns to shareholders by way of share appreciation and dividends. The capital structure of the Company consists of bank debt and shareholders' equity, which comprises issued share capital, contributed surplus and retained earnings.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues, share repurchases, the payment of dividends, increasing or decreasing bank debt or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate under specific circumstances. The Company's strategy, objectives, measures, definitions and targets have not changed significantly from the prior period.

The Company has externally imposed capital requirements as governed through its financing facilities. These requirements are to ensure the Company continues to operate in the normal course of business and to ensure the Company manages its debt relative to net worth. The capital requirements are congruent with the Company's management of capital.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The Company monitors capital on the basis of its bank covenants which are tabulated as follows:

Covenant	Requirement*	September 30, 2011
Total debt to EBITDA ratio	<2.5	1.65
Fixed coverage ratio	>1.0	1.21
Total debt to effective tangible net worth ratio	< 0.55	0.39
Total debt to lease assets	< 0.75	0.45

^{*} Bank covenant requirements as at September 30, 2011.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of its externally imposed financial covenants.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary easyhome U.S. Ltd., signed a License/Master Franchise Agreement [the "License Agreement"] with an entity controlled by Walter "Bud" Gates ["easygates LLC"] on March 2, 2007. Mr. Gates was elected to the Company's Board of Directors in April 2010. Mr. Gates does not participate or vote in any Board of Directors' discussions relating to the Licence Agreement. The License Agreement has an initial six-year term and allows easygates LLC to set up easyhome franchises in the U.S., excluding the 15 U.S. states that border Canada. The License Agreement provides that, for each franchise store that is opened, easygates LLC and easyhome will split both the initial franchise fee and the ongoing royalty fees. As at September 30, 2011, 28 franchise locations were opened and operated under the License Agreement.

15. SEGMENTED REPORTING

For management purposes, the Company has three reportable segments as follows:

- Leasing
- easyfinancial
- Franchising

Prior to March 31, 2011, the Company's reportable business segments were Canadian leasing, U.S. leasing and easyfinancial. Following a review of the reporting segments that resulted from the previously announced restructuring and the Company's corresponding growth strategy, the reportable segments were adjusted to reflect the Company's organizational structure and the degree of segregation of business units upon which operating decisions are made. Accounting policies for each of these business segments are the same as those disclosed in note 3 in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three month period ended March 31, 2011. Except for easyfinancial, revenue is allocated to each business segment based on the location of the easyhome store where the transaction originates. easyfinancial's revenue includes all revenue earned from the Company's consumer lending business. General and administrative expenses directly related to the Company's business segments are included as operating expenses for those segments. All other general and administrative expenses are reported separately. Management assesses the performance based on pre-tax operating income.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The following tables summarize the relevant information for the dates disclosed:

Three months ended September 30, 2011

(\$ in 000's)	Leasing	easyfinancial	Franchising	Corporate	Total
Revenue	39,784	6,438	344	-	46,566
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization					
and other items	22,018	4,921	174	3,710	30,823
Depreciation and amortization	12,159	90	17	129	12,395
Segment operating income (loss)	5,607	1,427	153	(3,839)	3,348
Interest expense	-	-	-	423	423
Income (loss)before income taxes	5,607	1,427	153	(4,262)	2,925

Three months ended September 30, 2010

(\$ in 000's)	Leasing	easyfinancial	Franchising	Corporate	Total
Revenue	39,795	3,243	198	-	43,236
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization					
and other items	20,008	3,581	79	2,960	26,628
Depreciation and amortization	12,827	56	-	96	12,979
Segment operating income (loss)	6,960	(394)	119	(3,056)	3,629
Interest expense	-	-	-	304	304
Income (loss)before income taxes	6,960	(394)	119	(3,360)	3,325

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Nine months ended September 30, 2011

(\$ in 000's)	Leasing	easyfinancial	Franchising	Corporate	Total
Revenue	121,477	16,632	924	-	139,033
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization					
and other items	65,163	12,604	390	11,672	89,829
Restructuring	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortization	37,475	244	60	358	38,137
Segment operating income (loss)	18,839	3,784	474	(12,030)	11,067
Interest expense	-	-	-	1,056	1,056
Income (loss)before income taxes	18,839	3,784	474	(13,086)	10,011

Nine months ended September 30, 2010

September 30, 2010 (\$ in 000's)	Leasing	easyfinancial	Franchising	Corporate	Total
	g	,			
Revenue	121,358	7,100	667	-	129,125
Total operating expenses before					
depreciation and amortization					
and other items	61,475	7,134	313	9,069	77,991
Restructuring	-	-	-	641	641
Depreciation and amortization	39,812	133	1	283	40,229
Segment operating income (loss)	20,071	(167)	353	(9,993)	10,264
Interest expense	-	- -	-	853	853
Income (loss)before income taxes	20,071	(167)	353	(10,846)	9,411

The Company operates across Canada and in certain U.S. states. During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, 95.6% or \$132.8 million of revenue was generated in Canada and 4.4% or \$6.2 million of revenue was generated in the U.S. (September 30, 2010 – 95.4% or \$123.2 million of revenue was generated in Canada and 4.6% or \$5.9 million of revenue was generated in the U.S.) Additionally, as at September 30, 2011, \$140.3 million of the Company's assets were located in Canada and \$12.7 million were located in the U.S. (2010 - \$129.2 million in Canada and \$10.6 million in the U.S.)

As at September 30, 2011, the Company's goodwill of \$17.3 million (December 31, 2010 - \$17.3 million) is related entirely to its Canadian leasing segment.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The Company's leasing business consists of four major product categories: furniture, electronics, computers and appliances. Lease revenue generated by major product category as a percentage of total lease revenue for the nine ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30		
(percentage)	2011	2010	
Furniture	36.1%	36.8%	
Electronics	33.9%	35.0%	
Computers	18.0%	16.4%	
Appliances	12.0%	11.8%	
	100.0%	100.0%	

16. IFRS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RECONCILED TO CGAAP

For all periods up to and including the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with CGAAP. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements, for the three and nine month periods ending September 30, 2011, are prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared interim condensed consolidated financial statements which comply with IFRS applicable for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2010. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its previous CGAAP statements of income and statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2010 and its previous CGAAP statement of financial position as at September 30, 2010.

The transition from CGAAP to IFRS has not had a material impact on the statements of cash flows with the exception of the classification of the purchase of lease assets. The Company previously classified its purchase of lease assets as operating activities in the statements of cash flows. Under IFRS, as the intent is to lease these assets and dispose of them at the end of its economic life, the Company has classified these amounts as investing activities, in the amount of \$31.8 million (September 30, 2010 – \$31.3 million).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The CGAAP statement of income for the three months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

			IFRS	
(\$ in 000's)		CGAAP	adjustments	IFRS
REVENUE	Note 1	20 120	20	20.150
Lease revenue	Note 1	39,130	29	39,159
Interest income	N . 0	1,755	(1.700)	1,755
Other	Note 2	4,112	(1,790)	2,322
		44,997	(1,761)	43,236
EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	Note 3	13,119	(74)	13,045
Advertising and promotion	Note 4	965	(36)	929
Bad debts	11010 1	1,854	-	1,854
Occupancy	Note 5	6,180	(29)	6,151
Distribution and travel	110100	1,472	(2)	1,472
Other	Note 6	4,299	(1,122)	3,177
one	Note 0	27,889	(1,261)	26,628
		27,005	(1,201)	20,020
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION				
Depreciation of lease assets	Note 7	12,869	(908)	11,961
Depreciation of property and equipment	Note 8	1,230	(307)	923
Amortization of intangible assets	Note 9	47	11	58
Impairment (net)	Note 10	-	37	37
-		14,146	(1,167)	12,979
Operating income		2,962	667	3,629
Interest expense		304	-	304
Income before income taxes		2,658	667	3,325
Income tax expense (recovery)				
Current		1,004	-	1,004
Deferred	Note 11	(217)	91	(126)
**		787	91	878
Net income		1,871	576	2,447
1 to meome		1,071	2,0	2,,
Basic earnings per share		0.18	0.05	0.23
Diluted earnings per share		0.18	0.05	0.23

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Notes:

- 1. Adjustment of \$29 relates to two components: i) an adjustment of \$40 relates to IFRS Adjustment C (Processing Fees); and ii) an adjustment of (\$11) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 2. Adjustment of (\$1,790) consists of three components: i) an adjustment of (\$876) relates to IFRS Adjustment E (Vendor Incentives, Allowances and Rebates); ii) an adjustment of (\$909) relates to IFRS Adjustment D (Customer Protection Programs) and iii) an adjustment of (\$5) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 3. Adjustment of (\$74) relates to two components: i) an adjustment of (\$16) relates to IFRS Adjustment F (Share-based Payments); and ii) an adjustment of (\$58) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 4. Adjustment of (\$36) relates to IFRS Adjustment G (Advertising and Promotional Expenditures)
- 5. Adjustment of (\$29) relates to IFRS Adjustment H (Onerous Leases)
- 6. Adjustment of (\$1,122) consists of two components: i) an adjustment of (\$909) relates to IFRS Adjustment D (Customer Protection Programs); and ii) an adjustment of (\$213) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 7. Adjustment of (\$908) relates to two components: i) an adjustment of (\$904) relates to IFRS Adjustment E (Vendor Incentives, Allowances and Rebates); and ii) an adjustment of (\$4) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 8. Adjustment of (\$307) consists of two components: i) an adjustment of (\$94) relates to IFRS Adjustment A (Depreciation of Property and Equipment); and ii) an adjustment of (\$213) relates to IFRS Adjustment B (Impairment of Assets)
- 9. Adjustment of \$11 relates to IFRS Adjustment A (Amortization of Intangible Assets)
- 10. Adjustment of \$37 relates to IFRS Adjustment B (Impairment of Assets)
- 11. Adjustment of \$91 relates to IFRS Adjustment J (Tax Effect of IFRS Adjustments)

The CGAAP statement of comprehensive Income for the three months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

(\$ in 000's)		CGAAP	IFRS adjustment	IFRS
Net income		1,871	576	2,447
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Foreign currency translation reserve	Note 1	-	(288)	(288)
Comprehensive income		1,871	288	2,159

Note 1: Adjustment of (\$288) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The CGAAP statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

			IFRS	
(\$ in 000's)		CGAAP	adjustments	IFRS
DEVENUE				
REVENUE	Note 1	110 466	59	110 525
Lease revenue	Note 1	119,466	39	119,525
Interest income	N 0	3,948	(4.002)	3,948
Other	Note 2	10,455	(4,803)	5,652
		133,869	(4,744)	129,125
EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	Note 3	39,679	(84)	39,595
Advertising and promotion	Note 4	3,965	(283)	3,682
Bad debts		2,964	-	2,964
Occupancy	Note 5	18,380	(84)	18,296
Distribution and travel		4,735	-	4,735
Other	Note 6	10,949	(2,230)	8,719
Restructuring charges	- 1222 2	641		641
		81,313	(2,681)	78,632
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		20.004	(2.7.50)	2 - 220
Depreciation of lease assets	Note 7	38,806	(2,568)	36,238
Depreciation of property and equipment	Note 8	3,392	(546)	2,846
Amortization of intangible assets	Note 9	211	34	245
Impairment (net)	Note 10	-	900	900
		42,409	(2,180)	40,229
Operating income		10,147	117	10,264
Interest expense		853	-	853
Income before income taxes		9,294	117	9,411
Income tax expense				
Current		1,460	_	1,460
Deferred	Note 11	1,430	83	1,513
	1,000 11	2,890	83	2,973
		- 10.1	24	- 100
Net income		6,404	34	6,438
Basic earnings per share		0.61	0.01	0.62
Diluted earnings per share		0.61		0.61

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Notes:

- 1. Adjustment of \$59 relates to two components: i) an adjustment of \$81 relates to IFRS Adjustment C (Processing Fees); and ii) an adjustment of (\$22) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 2. Adjustment of (\$4,803) consists of three components: i) an adjustment of (\$2,647) relates to IFRS Adjustment E (Vendor Incentives, Allowances and Rebates); ii) an adjustment of (\$2,149) relates to IFRS Adjustment D (Customer Protection Programs); and iii) an adjustment of (\$7) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 3. Adjustment of (\$84) relates to two components: i) an adjustment of (\$79) relates to IFRS Adjustment F (Share-based Payments); and ii) an adjustment of (\$5) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 4. Adjustment of (\$283) relates to IFRS Adjustment G (Advertising and Promotional Expenditures)
- 5. Adjustment of (\$84) relates to IFRS Adjustment H (Onerous Leases)
- 6. Adjustment of (\$2,230) consists of two components: i) an adjustment of (\$2,149) relates to IFRS Adjustment D (Customer Protection Programs); and ii) an adjustment of (\$81) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 7. Adjustment of (\$2,568) relates to two components: i) an adjustment of (\$2,571) relates to IFRS Adjustment E (Vendor Incentives, Allowances and Rebates); and ii) an adjustment of \$3 relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 8. Adjustment of (\$546) consists of two components: i) an adjustment of \$133 relates to IFRS Adjustment A (Depreciation of Property and Equipment); and ii) an adjustment of (\$679) relates to IFRS Adjustment B (Impairment of Assets)
- 9. Adjustment of \$34 relates to IFRS Adjustment A (Amortization of Intangible Assets)
- 10. Adjustment of \$900 relates to IFRS Adjustment B (Impairment of Assets)
- 11. Adjustment of \$83 relates to IFRS Adjustment J (Tax Effect of IFRS Adjustments)

The CGAAP statement of comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

(\$ in 000's)		CGAAP	IFRS adjustment	IFRS
Net income		6,404	34	6,438
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Foreign currency translation reserve	Note 1	=	(140)	(140)
Comprehensive income		6,404	(106)	6,298

Note 1: Adjustment of (\$140) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

The CGAAP statement of financial position at September 30, 2010 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

(\$ in 000's)		CGAAP	IFRS adjustments	IFRS
<i>v iii</i> 000 <i>sy</i>		CGAAI	aujustments	II KS
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash		533	-	533
Amounts receivable		5,341	=	5,341
Income taxes recoverable		3,451	-	3,451
Consumer loans receivable		14,895	-	14,895
Prepaid expenses	Note 1	1,303	(164)	1,139
Total current assets		25,523	(164)	25,359
Amounts receivable		737	-	737
Consumer loans receivable		3,623	-	3,623
Lease assets	Note 2	70,872	(4,247)	66,625
Property and equipment	Note 3	17,269	(3,663)	13,606
Deferred tax assets	Note 4	4,173	2,447	6,620
Intangible assets	Note 5	3,149	(89)	3,060
Goodwill		17,325	-	17,325
TOTAL ASSETS		142,671	(5,716)	136,955
Current liabilities Bank revolving credit facility		27,812	=	27,812
		27.812	_	27.812
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Note 6	14,773	(104)	14,669
Dividends payable		891	-	891
Deferred lease inducements		594	-	594
Unearned revenue	Note 7	3,429	801	4,230
Γerm loan		3,474	-	3,474
Provisions	Note 8	-	132	132
Total current liabilities		50,973	829	51,802
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		337		337
Deferred lease inducements		1,913	-	1,913
Provisions	Note 8	<u>-</u>	524	524
Total liabilities		53,223	1,353	54,576
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital		49,166	-	49,166
Contributed surplus	Note 9	2,716	66	2,782
Other comprehensive income	Note 10	-	(140)	(140)
Retained earnings	Note 11	37,566	(6,995)	30,571
Total shareholders' equity		89,448	(7,069)	82,379
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		142,671	(5,716)	136,955

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Notes:

- 1. Adjustment of (\$164) relates to IFRS Adjustment G (Advertising and Promotional Expenditures)
- 2. Adjustment of (\$4,247) consists of two components: i) an adjustment of (\$4,157) relates to IFRS Adjustment E (Vendor Incentives, Allowances and Rebates); and ii) an adjustment of (\$90) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 3. Adjustment of (\$3,663) consists of three components: i) an adjustment of (\$582) relates to IFRS Adjustment A (Depreciation of Property and Equipment); ii) an adjustment of (\$3,060) relates to IFRS Adjustment B (Impairment of Assets); and iii) an adjustment of (\$21) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 4. Adjustment of \$2,447 relates to IFRS Adjustment J (Tax Effect of IFRS Adjustments)
- 5. Adjustment of (\$89) consists of two components: i) an adjustment of (\$35) relates to IFRS Adjustment A (Depreciation of Property and Equipment); and ii) an adjustment of (\$54) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 6. Adjustment of (\$104) relates to IFRS Adjustment H (Onerous Leases)
- 7. Adjustment of \$801 relates to IFRS Adjustment C (Processing Fees)
- 8. Adjustment of \$656 relates to IFRS Adjustment H (Onerous Leases). The current portion is \$132 while the non-current portion is \$524.
- 9. Adjustment of \$66 relates to IFRS Adjustment F (Share-based Payments)
- 10. Adjustment of (\$140) relates to IFRS Adjustment I (Functional Currency)
- 11. Adjustment of (\$6,995) consists of two components including: i) (\$7,028) impact of transition date balance sheet IFRS adjustment and ii) \$33 impact of IFRS adjustments on period net income

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

A. Depreciation of Property and Equipment and Amortization of Intangible Assets

Under IFRS, either an historical cost model or a revaluation model can be used to value each class of property and equipment. The cost method was used under CGAAP. The Company has elected to continue using the cost method as its accounting policy for the measurement of property and equipment and lease assets after initial recognition.

Under CGAAP, the Company had employed the declining balance method of calculating depreciation for furniture and fixtures, office equipment, signage, automotive and computers. The Company assessed that for the aforementioned asset classes, straight line depreciation better reflects the usage of those assets and have adopted straight-line depreciation for those asset classes. The change in depreciation has been applied prospectively as at the January 1, 2010 Transition Date.

In addition, IFRS explicitly requires that the residual value and useful life of an asset be reviewed at least annually. Under CGAAP, there is no such explicit annual requirement to perform this review. The Company has made the determination that the useful lives of its fixed assets are as follows:

furniture and fixture
 office equipment
 signage
 automotive
 computers
 furniture
 7 years
 7 years
 5 years
 5 years

leasehold improvements
 lesser of lease term or 5 years

The Company also adjusted the useful life of all of its software to 5 years.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, depreciation was increased by (\$82) and \$169, respectively, while operating income was reduced by the same amount.

B. Impairment of Assets

CGAAP uses a two-step approach to impairment testing for long-lived assets: first comparing asset carrying values with undiscounted future cash flows to determine whether impairment exists; and then measuring any impairment by comparing asset carrying values with fair values. IFRS uses a one-step approach for both testing and measurement of impairment of long-lived assets, with asset carrying values compared directly with the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, which is based on discounted future cash flows. IFRS also requires that assets be tested for impairment at the level of CGUs, defined as the lowest level of assets that generate largely independent cash inflows, which the Company has assessed to be at an individual store level. CGAAP requires assets to be grouped at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows (including both inflows and outflows) are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities for impairment testing purposes resulting in impairment assessment being made at a higher level such as a business segment or division. As a result of these differences, IFRS resulted in a higher level of impairment charge than would be otherwise required under CGAAP.

In addition, under IFRS, impairment losses previously recognized must be reversed if the circumstances leading to the impairment changed and caused the impairment to be reduced. CGAAP prohibits reversal of impairment losses.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

Various impairment indicators were used to determine the need to test a CGU for an impairment loss. Examples of these indicators include significant declines in revenue, performance significantly below budget and expectation and negative CGU operating income. Where these impairment indicators existed, the carrying value of the assets within a CGU was compared with its estimated recoverable value which was generally considered to be the CGUs value-in-use. When determining the value-in-use of a CGU, the Company developed a discounted cash flow model for the individual CGU. Sales and cost forecasts were based on actual operating results, three year operating budgets consistent with strategic plans presented to the Company's Board of Directors and a 3% long-term growth rate consistent with industry practice. The forecasted cash flow was discounted using a 22% before tax discount rate. Where the carrying value of the CGUs assets exceeded the recoverable amounts, as represented by the CGU's value in use, the store's property and equipment assets were written down. It was concluded that due to the portability of leased assets held within the CGU and the cash flows generated by individual lease assets that no impairment write down of the lease assets was required. As such the CGU impairment charge was limited to the property and equipment held by the impaired CGU.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, an additional impairment expense of \$37 and \$900, respectively, was recognized. Depreciation expense was reduced by \$213 and \$680, respectively. The net impact was a reduction to operating income of (\$178) and \$220, respectively.

C. Processing Fees

Both CGAAP and IFRS require that lease income from operating leases shall be recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Because leases are cancellable (the lease term ranges from one week to one month in length), under CGAAP processing fees were recognized over the lease term. Under IFRS, the Company has changed its policy to amortize processing fees over the estimated life of the customer arrangement.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, revenue and operating income were decreased by \$40 and \$81, respectively.

D. Customer Protection Programs

The Company offers various customer protection programs for customers of its leasing and financial services businesses, whereby customers are relieved of some maximum amount from their obligation of their payments in certain circumstances such as death or involuntary unemployment or illness.

Under IFRS, the premiums related to the protection programs are recognized on a net basis, while they were recognized under CGAAP on a gross basis.

The impact of this change was to reduce both revenue and expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 by \$908 and \$2,149, respectively. The net impact on operating income for those periods was nil.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

E. Vendor Incentives, Allowances and Rebates

Under CGAAP, there are two criteria that allow advertising revenue to be recognized when cash consideration is received from a vendor, to support advertising for a vendor's products. This criterion was met when the identified benefit was sufficiently separable from the customer's purchase of the vendor's products such that the customer would have entered into an exchange transaction with a party other than the vendor in order to provide that benefit, and the customer could reasonably estimate the fair value of the benefit provided. IFRS does not contain similar provisions and, therefore, advertising support for vendors is recognized as a reduction of lease assets.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, revenue reduced by \$875 and \$2,646, respectively while amortization was reduced by \$904 and \$2,571 respectively due to decreases in the carrying value of the assets as at January 1, 2010 and assets purchased during the period. The net impact for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 decreased operating income by (\$29) and \$75, respectively.

F. Share-based Payments

Under IFRS, each instalment of share-based awards that vest in instalments shall be treated as a separate award with a different fair value while CGAAP provides for an election to treat such awards as a pool and recognize the expense on a straight line basis.

IFRS also requires an entity to make an estimate of the forfeiture rate for the awards expected not to vest. Under CGAAP, the Company recognizes forfeitures as they occur.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, expenses were reduced by \$15 and \$79, respectively with a corresponding increase in operating income.

G. Advertising and Promotional Expenditures

Under IFRS, advertising and promotional expenditures are expensed as incurred and an expense is considered incurred when the entity has the right to access the goods or when it receives the service. Under CGAAP certain of these expenses were deferred over the period of intended use. For certain expenditures including advertising creative and related production costs, IFRS requires that they be expensed as incurred.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, expenses decreased by \$34 and \$282, respectively and operating income increased by the same amount.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

H. Onerous Leases

Both CGAAP and IFRS require that a provision for an onerous contract be made when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under a contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The Company has some leases normally related to closed or vacated stores which meet the definition of onerous leases under both CGAAP and IFRS. However, under IFRS, an onerous lease provision shall also be calculated for stores that are deemed impaired. In addition, under IFRS, provisions must be presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, occupancy costs decreased and operating income increased by \$74 and \$79, respectively.

I. Functional Currency

Under CGAAP, the Company's U.S. operations were defined as integrated operations which meant that the Canadian dollar was the functional currency. Under IFRS, the functional currency of U.S. is determined as the U.S. dollar. There was no change in the functional currency of other entities in the Company.

The following factors were considered in determining the functional currency of the U.S. operations 1) The currency that mainly influences sales prices for goods and services; 2) The currency of the country whose competitive forces and regulations mainly determine the sales prices of its goods and services; 3) The currency that mainly influences labour, material and other costs of providing goods or services. Based on these factors, the functional currency under IFRS is U.S. dollar for U.S. operations.

CGAAP does not have a hierarchy of indicators under which certain indicators are given priority. The following factors which supported the U.S. operations employing the U.S. dollar as the functional currency were considered with equal prominence under CGAAP but are secondary under IFRS: i) the currency in which funds from financing activities are generated; and ii) the currency in which receipts from operating activities are usually retained. Since the U.S. operations were fully funded by the Parent Company in Canadian dollars, the functional currency of the U.S. operations was determined as the Canadian dollar under CGAAP

Under CGAAP, when translating the U.S. operations into the presentation currency of the parent company's consolidated financial statements, monetary assets were translated at the foreign exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date and non monetary assets were translated at historical foreign exchange rates, the resulting translation gain or loss was recognized in the net income. Under IFRS all assets and liabilities of U.S. operations are translated to the presentation currency of the Parent Company's consolidated financial statement at the foreign exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date, the resulting translation gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, operating income increased by \$265 and \$59, respectively.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

For the periods ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010

J. Tax Effect of IFRS Adjustments

The change from CGAAP to IFRS did not significantly impact the way in which the Company accounts for taxes. However, the various CGAAP to IFRS adjustments outlined above do impact deferred taxes. These impacts are presented in aggregate.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, deferred tax expense increased by \$91 and increased by \$83, respectively.